```
10
1. ____:
    (3/2)V^2/g.
                                                                         60°
                                                                                          2V\cos 60^{\circ} = V, ...
                            60°,
                                                                                            (3/2)V^2/g.
                                                60°
                                                  2mgtgα.
                                                                   F.
                                                                        a = F/(2m),
                    2-
                                                  ma\cos\alpha = F\cos\alpha - mg\sin\alpha
                                                                                                              F.
                                                                                      a,
                                                                                                     [(V_0^2 + 2u^2)/3]^{1/2}.
3. ____:
                                                                                                                                 m
                              L –
                                                                                    2m.
                                                                                                                         \mu 2mg,
                                                                                                   \boldsymbol{x}
                                                              a_x = -\mu g,
                                                                                                  \mu 2mg,
                                                                                                a_x = 2\mu g.
                   x,
                                                               a_{x} - a_{x} = -3\mu g,
                             V_0
                                                                       и
                                                                                          V_{\mathbf{x}}^2 - V_0^2 = 2a_{\mathbf{x}} \Delta \mathbf{x},
                ).
```

2- $a_x = -\mu g, \qquad a_x = \mu g. \qquad a_x - a_x = -2\mu g,$ $V_0 \qquad u'.$

 $V_0^2 - u^2 = 6\mu gL.$

```
u' = [(V_0^2 + 2u^2)/3]^{1/2}.
                                                              2R
                                  3R.
                                                                                               (3/2)R.
                                                        U,
               U/(3R)
                            U/(5R)
                        (2/25)U^2/R
                                                                         2R
                                                                                            (2/9)U^2/R
                       2R
                                                                      2R
                                       3R.
                        2R
                                                                R_{\rm x},
                                                        2R
: 2RU^2/(2R+R_{\Sigma})^2,
                           R_{\Sigma} = 3RR_{x}/(3R + R_{x}).
                                                                                       (
          2R,
                                                      2R
).
                                       2R
                                 2RU^2/(2R+R\Sigma)^2 > (2/9)U^2/R,
                                        R_{\rm x} < (3/2)R.
                                                                                                    3R
```

 $V_0^2 - (u')^2 = 4\mu gL.$

,

1-2

7 1. ____: *T*. 2 , 4 . 8 . 4 , 2 . 7, ((7)) 2. ____: 2 . 2 . 5/8 3. ____: 1-2 :