

2015/2016

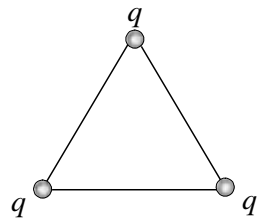
()

11

10

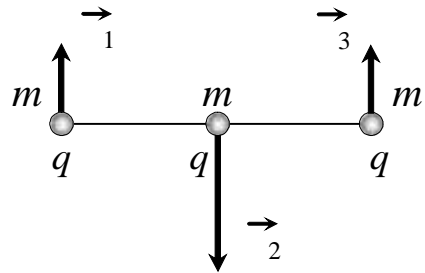
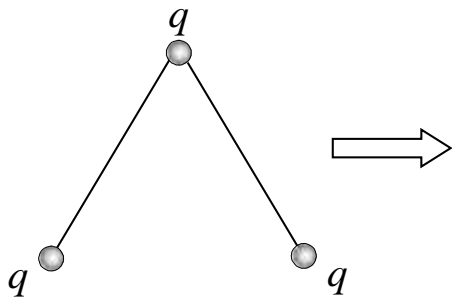
1.

(.)
 ,
 q m



1.

(.) .



" "

$$\vec{p}=0, \quad v_1 = v_3$$

t.

$$m_1 = 2m_2; \quad v_1 = 2v_2 \quad (1)$$

$$W = m \cdot \frac{v_1^2}{2} + 2m \cdot \frac{v_2^2}{2} \quad (2)$$

t.

$$W = W_1 - W_2; \quad W_1 = 3 \cdot \frac{k_0 q^2}{a}; \quad W_2 = \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{k_0 q^2}{a}, \quad (3)$$

$$W = \frac{k_0 q^2}{2a}. \quad (4)$$

(1) - (3),

$$v_2 = 2q \sqrt{\frac{k_0}{6ma}} = \frac{q}{\sqrt{6 m_0 ma}}. \quad (5)$$

1:

1	(1)	2
2	(2)	3
3	(4)	3
4	(5)	2

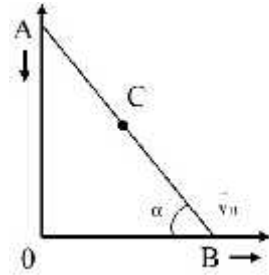
10

2

\vec{v} ?

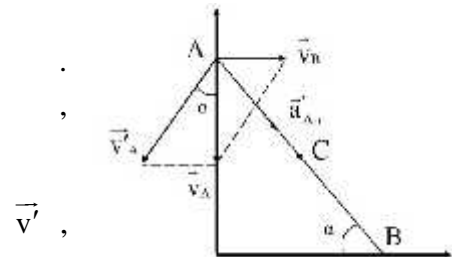
(. 1).

l .



2:

\vec{v} .



$$\vec{v} = \vec{v}' + \vec{v}$$

(1)

$\vec{v} = \text{const}$,

(1) X.

$$\vec{v} = \vec{v}' + \vec{v}$$

$$0 = v_B - v'_A \cdot \sin$$

(2)

A \vec{a}'_{An}

$$a'_{An} = \frac{v_A'^2}{l}$$

(3)

$$\vec{a}_A = \vec{a}'_A, \quad a'_{An} = a_A \sin$$

$$a_A = \frac{a'_{An}}{\sin} = \frac{v_A'^2}{l \cdot \sin} = \frac{v_B^2}{l \cdot \sin^3}$$

(4)

$$\vec{a}_C = \vec{a}'_C$$

$v = R, \quad R -$

$$v'_A = 2 \cdot v'_C$$

(5)

$$a_C = \frac{1}{2} a_A$$

(6)

$$a_c = \frac{v_B^2}{2l \cdot \sin^3 r} \quad (7)$$

$$: a_c = \frac{v_B^2}{2l \cdot \sin^3 r}$$

2:

1	,	$a'_{An} = \frac{v_A^2}{l} \quad (3)$	2
2		$a_A \quad (4)$	2
3			1
4			2
5	,		2
6		(6)	1

10

3

$$V_1/V_2 = n = 3.$$

$$k = 2 \quad ?$$

3.

$$P_2 = P_1 + \frac{mg}{S}, \quad P'_2 = P'_1 + \frac{mg}{S} \quad (1)$$

$$P'_2 - P'_1 = P_2 - P_1 \quad (2)$$

$$PV = RT \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{T_2}{V_2} - \frac{T_1}{V_1} = \frac{T'_2}{V'_2} - \frac{T'_1}{V'_1}$$

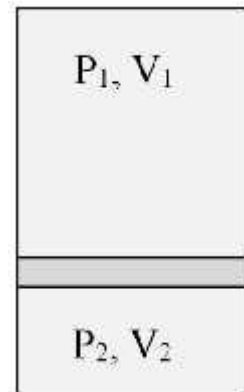
$$, \quad T_1 = T_2 = T, \quad T'_1 = T'_2 = kT, \quad V_1 = nV_2$$

$$\frac{1}{V_2} - \frac{1}{nV_2} = k \left(\frac{1}{V'_2} - \frac{1}{V'_1} \right) \quad \frac{n-1}{nV_2} = k \left(\frac{1}{V'_2} - \frac{1}{V'_1} \right) \quad (3)$$

$$V = V_1 + V_2 = (n+1)V_2 = V'_1 + V'_2.$$

$$V_2 = \frac{V'_1 + V'_2}{n+1} \quad (4)$$

(2)



$$\frac{(n+1)(n-1)}{n(V_1'+V')} = k \left(\frac{1}{V_2'} - \frac{1}{V_1'} \right).$$

$$n=3, k=2.$$

$$\frac{V_1'}{V_2'} = r,$$

$$\frac{4}{3(r+1)} = \left(1 - \frac{1}{r} \right) \quad 3r^2 + 4r - 3 = 0. \quad (5)$$

$$r = \frac{2 + \sqrt{13}}{3} \approx 1,9.$$

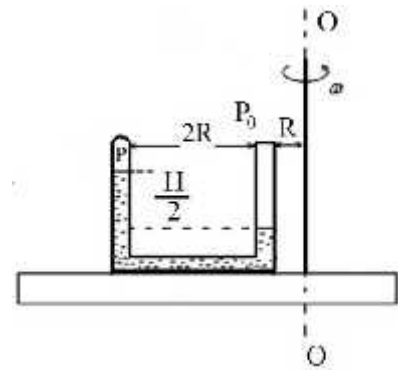
: 1,9

3:

1		(1)	2
2			2
3		(4)	2
4		(5)	3
5	(5)		1

10 4

2 R 3R



/2.

4

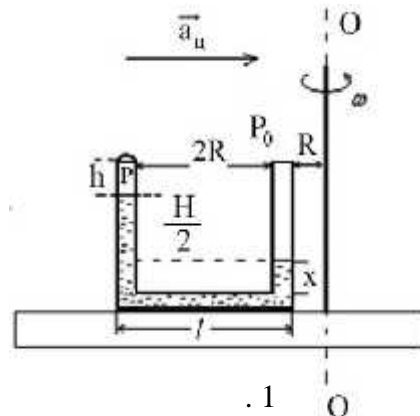
(. 1).

$$2R, x -$$

$$(2H+l) = \frac{H}{2} + 2x+l \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{2}H$$

$$h = \frac{3}{2}H - \frac{3}{4}H = \frac{3}{4}H$$

$$a = \ddot{S}^2 r_c = \ddot{S}^2 \cdot 2R \quad (1)$$



1
 2
 $F_2 - F_1 = \dots$
 $m\vec{a} = m\vec{g} + \vec{N} + \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2$
 $ma = F_1 - F_2$ (2)

$\Rightarrow F_2 = F_1 = P \cdot S$, $P = P_0 + \rho g x$
 $F_2 = (P_0 + \rho g x) \cdot S$

F_1

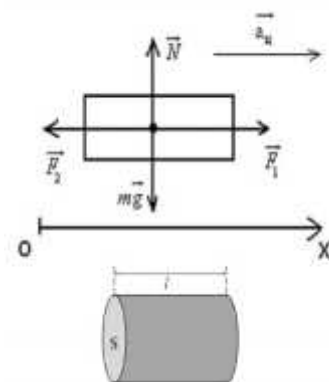
$P_0 \cdot H \cdot S = P \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot H \cdot S \Rightarrow P = \frac{4}{3} P_0$ (3)

$F_1 = \left(P + \rho g \left(\frac{H}{2} + x \right) \right) \cdot S = \left(\frac{4}{3} P_0 + \rho g \left(\frac{H}{2} + x \right) \right) \cdot S$ (4)

$m = \rho \cdot V = \rho \cdot S \cdot 2R$

(1):

$ma = \rho \cdot S \cdot 2R \cdot \check{s}^2 \cdot 2R = \rho \cdot S \cdot 4R^2 \cdot \check{s}^2$ (5)



2

$\check{s}^2 = \frac{gH}{8R^2} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{P_0}{4R^2} \Rightarrow \check{s} = \frac{1}{2R} \sqrt{\frac{2P_0 + 3 \rho gH}{6}}$ (6)

$P = \frac{4}{3} P_0, \check{s} = \frac{1}{2R} \sqrt{\frac{2P_0 + 3 \rho gH}{6}}$

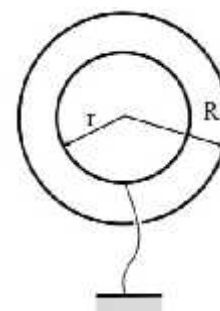
4:

1	()	1
2	(2)	2
3	(3)	2
4	(4)	2
5	(5)	1
6	(6)	2

10 5

$r=10$

$R=20$



$$Q=10^{-8}$$

5.

$$U_0 = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{R}$$

$$q \cdot Q$$

q,

$$= - \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q}{r} - \frac{q}{R} \right) \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q+Q}{R} \quad (2)$$

$$= +\Delta = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{q+Q}{R} + \frac{q}{r} - \frac{q}{R} \right) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left(\frac{Q}{R} + \frac{q}{r} \right) = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$q = -Q \frac{r}{R} \quad (4)$$

(4) (2),

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q - Q \frac{r}{R}}{R} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q \cdot (R-r)}{R^2} = 225 \quad (5)$$

$$C = \frac{Q}{c} = \frac{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2}{R-r} = 4,4 \times 10^{-11} = 44 \quad (6)$$

: 225 , 44

5:

1		1
2	q	1
3		2
4	(3) (4)	2
5	(5)	2
6	(6)	2