

11

:

11.1. « » ( . )

:

$$L = 778.3 \cdot -149.6 \cdot \approx 630 \cdot .$$

( ) .

$$t \ 630 \cdot . / 300\ 000 \ / \ 2100 = 35 \cdot .$$

11.2. ( ) - ,

( ) - , ( ) - ,

( ) - , ( ) -

11.3. ,

, - 20 .

$$\tau = \frac{v}{c} \sin \theta ,$$

v -

(

, 30 / ), c - , -

(

, = 90 ), - .

$$r = 1/p, \quad p -$$

1/20 .

11.4.

$$g = \frac{GM}{R^2}$$

$M -$  ,  $R -$  ,  $G -$  .

$$M = \frac{R^2 g}{G}$$

$L$

$$L = 4f R^2 \dagger T^4,$$

$\dagger -$  - ,

$L$

$$L_{\odot} ( 4 \cdot 10^{26} )$$

$$\frac{L}{L_{\odot}} = 10^{0.4(M_{\odot} - M)},$$

- ,  $M_{\odot} -$

(  $+5^m$  ).

$$M = m - 5 \lg r + 5, \quad r -$$

$$r = 1/p.$$

$$M = \frac{g}{G \cdot 4f \dagger T^4} L_{\dagger} \cdot 10^{0.4(M_{\dagger} - (m + 5 \lg p + 5))}.$$

11.5. ,

21 .

(  
 ),  
 ),  $cz=Hr$ ,  $z = r / H$ ,  $r = 70$   
 // ).  $r = 1.4 \cdot 10^3$   
 $1.4 \cdot 10^9$   
 $1.4 \cdot 10^9$   
 $3 \cdot 10^9$   
 $v$   
 $v = 28$  (  
 $= 0.05$  (  
 $v = 50$  / .

$$v^2 = GM/R.$$

$$M = \frac{Rv^2}{G} \approx 10^{10} M_{\odot}$$

11.6

« » ( )

$$g = \frac{GM}{R^2},$$

$G -$

,  $M -$

,  $R -$

$dR$

$$dg = -2 \frac{GM}{R^3} dR,$$

$$dR = -\frac{R^3}{2GM} dg.$$

$dg$

$h$  ( -

,  $h -$

),

$h/c$  ,

(  $c -$

).

$L$ ,

$L/c$ ,

$$dg = \frac{L}{c \cdot m},$$

$m -$

$$\frac{R^3}{2GM}$$

III

$$\frac{P^2}{R^3} = \frac{4\pi^2}{GM},$$

$$\frac{R^3}{2GM} = \frac{P^2}{8\pi^2}$$

:

$$dR = -\frac{P^2}{8\pi^2} \cdot \frac{L}{c \cdot m}$$

:

3 .