Понимание устной речи (аудирование)

7-8 form Listening Max – 20 points

Time: 15 min

**Task 1.** You are going to listen to a recording of Bianca (A), Carlos (B) and Iain (C), the students at the summer school. The first task is to complete the sentences with the names of students from the recording. (1-6)

- 1. ... has been go-carting.
- 2. ...'s first language is English.
- 3. ... first went to the summer school when he / she was 13.
- 4. ... has been for the summer school for three days.
- 5. ... has enjoyed the day trips.
- 6. ... missed her mum's cooking.

*Task 2.* Read the statements (7 - 11). Listen to the conversation again. Choose true (T) or false (F).

- 7. Bianca has missed her family.
- 8. The swimming pool is very cold.
- 9. One day all the teachers wore disguises.
- 10. Carlos has tried food from different countries.
- 11. Iain hasn't made any new friends yet.

**Task 3.** Listen to the dialogue with an athlete. Write the sentences (a - e) in the correct order (12 - 16).

- a. She started playing wheelchair basketball.
- b. She decided to get fit.
- c. She started training for the Paralympics.
- d. She won the regional athletics competition.
- e. She began doing athletics.

**Task 4.** Listen again. Choose the best answer (A, B or C) to the following questions (17 - 20).

- 17. Why is Tanya in a wheelchair?
  - A. She's got a spina bifida.
  - B. She was paralysed after a car accident.
  - C. She had her leg amputated.
- 18. What does she never say?
  - A. 'Everyone should do what they're good at.'
  - B. 'There're lots of things I'm not good at.'
  - C. 'I can't.'
- 19. What's the most difficult thing she's done?
  - A. Pass her exams.
  - B. Go on television.
  - C. Learn to drive.
- 20. What does she want to be in the future?
  - A. A pharmacist.
  - B. A television presenter.
  - C. A writer.

#### Понимание письменной речи (чтение)

7-8 form Reading Max – 25 points

Time: 20 min

Task 1. Read the text about Seven Wonders of the World.

#### The Seven Wonders of the World

The New Wonders

In 2007 the New Seven Wonders of the World were announced after a global competition. The winners were voted by phone and on the Internet – just like in *Pop Idol*! The competition was organized by a Swiss film-maker called Bernard Weber. It was very popular around the world – over a hundred million people cast their votes.

Some countries were disappointed that their nominations didn't win. Stonehenge, England's mysterious stone circle, didn't make the top seven, and neither did the beautiful Red Square in Moscow. Nevertheless, everyone agrees that the winners are all incredible man-made structures and they deserve to be protected forever.

#### The Ancient Wonders

Do you know there are Seven Wonders of the World? It was the ancient Greek who made the original list more than two thousand years ago, and they chose the number seven because it was considered to be magical. The Ancient Wonders included the Great Pyramid of Giza and the world's first lighthouse in Alexandria. Ancient Greek tourists used to visit the Seven Wonders of the World by boat, travelling across the Mediterranean. But today only the Great Pyramid remains. What happened to all the other Wonders? Most of them were destroyed by fires and earthquakes.

The ancient Greeks used to call the Seven Wonders *theamata* which means 'must-see'. Two thousand years ago, travel agents used to sell tours of these amazing places that people 'must-see' during their lifetime. Perhaps tourism isn't so different today.

#### **Task 1.1.** Are these statements 1 - 6 true (T) or false (F)?

- 1. The New Seven Wonders were selected by Bernard Weber.
- 2. Stonehenge is one of the Ancient Wonders of the World.
- 3. The Red Square wasn't chosen.
- 4. The Ancient Wonders of the World were built more than two thousand years ago.
- 5. Ancient Greek tourists travelled by boat.
- 6. Three of the Ancient Wonders still exist today.

#### **Task 1.2.** Choose the correct answer (A or B) for the following statements (7-10)

- 7. Over a hundred million people ...
  - A. have visited the New Wonders of the world.
  - B. voted in the competition.
- 8. England's nomination...
  - A. wasn't successful.
  - B. won the competition.
- 9. The Ancient Greeks chose Seven Wonders because ...
  - A. they thought seven was a magic number.
  - B. there were seven pyramids.
- 10. The Great Pyramid...
  - A. was destroyed by an earthquake.
  - B. is the only remaining Ancient Wonder.

7	ask	2.	Read	the	text	"Sur	vival	Trin	,"

Task 2.1. Match the paragraphs 11 - 15 with the headings A - F. There is one extra heading.

- A. Their task
- B. Unusual meal
- C. No modern comforts
- D. Launceston, second largest city in Tasmania
- E. Journey into the bush
- F. What did they learn?

Task 2.2. Fill in gaps 16 - 20 with phrases G - K below;

- G. were on their own!
- H. Some students were brave (or hungry) enough to eat them.
- I. in a difficult situation.
- J. They had survived!
- K. had to take turns at heating up

#### **Task 2.3.** Choose the correct answers A, B or C to the statements (21-25):

- 21. What was Joseph Shrimpton afraid of during the first part of their journey?
  - A. He couldn't find the way out.
  - B. The straps could be torn
- C. He couldn't lift his heavy bag
- 22. The students had to wear blindfolds so that they ...
  - A. Couldn't remember the way
  - B. Didn't afraid of insects and wild animals
  - C. Could have a sleep in the minibuses
- 23. Which task the teens didn't have to do during the hiking?
  - A. To use map
  - B. To find out where they were
  - C. To leave the equipment in the national park
- 24. Choose the item of food which all the students ate during the trip.
  - A. Insects
  - B. A chili con carne
  - C. Food powder
- 25. What thing did Carla McBeath learn to do in the journey?
- A. To cook insects
- B. To take care of herself
- C. To think about what will happen in the future

#### **Survival Trip**

Last summer four teachers and a national park ranger took a group of 20 students from Riverside High School in Launceston, the second largest city on the island of Tasmania, Australia, to Mt Cameron National Park.

11.	They were away from "civilisation" (houses, shops, restaurants, roads,	cinemas, etc.) for
	three days. The trip was to teach the students to look after themselves 16	Each student was
	only allowed to bring one bag with them for their sleeping bag, clothes and washin	g gear – but they
	had to make the bags themselves! Joseph Shrimpton told us he had made his bag :	form a big potato
	sack. The most difficult part was the strap, which he made by putting pieces of ma	aterial together. It
	wasn't a very good bag and he was worried that the strap would break. Later in the n	niddle of the bush
	(the huge dry inland area where few Australians live), the strap broke. Walking with	the bag wasn't so
	easy after that!	

12 During the first part of their journey from Launceston the students went by normal coach.
However, during the second part they travelled in special minibuses into the bush. They had to wear
blindfolds so that they couldn't see where they were going. When they were far enough into the
national park, the buses stopped, the blindfolds were taken off and the students 17
13 They had to find out where they were and then, using their map-reading skills and
finding the answers to questions the teachers had given them, they had to hike to where the park ranger
had left basic equipment so that they could make tents for the night. They hiked for three days, 20
kilometres per day, with two nights with the bush.
14 They also had to discover where food had been hidden. There was food powder (not
very nice!) and a few cans of chili con carne for the students who had given the most correct answers
during the hike each day. He or she was allowed to put the chili con carne on the campfire and eat it
out of the can. Each of the others 18 their food powder with some water in the empty
can, because they had no cooking things or plates with them. One evening the park ranger brought
some insects which he cooked on the campfire. 19
15 After the long days in the bush the buses were waiting to take the students back to
Launceston. The teens were tired and dirty, but most of them at least were very happy. 20
Carla McBeath said, "Although it was hard, I learned to look after myself. But the insects were really
awful!"
TRANSFER ALL YOUR ANSWERS TO YOUR ANSWER SHEET

7 - 8 form Use of English Max – 25 points

Time – 20 min

							201		
Task	1. Fi	ll in the	e gaps	in the s	sentences (1	-6) w	ith the	correct	animals.
1. M	. My brother's like a in a china shop. He's really clumsy.								
2. W	ithout	my gla	sses, I	can't s	ee anything	. I'm as	blind a	as a	in the grass.
3. D	on't tru	ıst Mor	nique.	Nothin	g she says is	true. S	She's a	real	in the grass.
						terday.	The ca	r hardl	y moved at all for an hour. We were
tra 5 N	avelling	g at a _	T 1, .1, .		's pace.	2 ~ 1		т л: л	.11 dle a green de III a coller cont dle a
	ndles o			ей а сак	te for my M	um s b	ırınday.	. I ala a	all the work. He only put the
				fuss ab	out little thi	ngs no	one wi	ll take	you seriously when something goes
					ened to the				
	_					•			$\frac{1}{1}$ s (7 – 18) in the boxes in the puzzle to find
								_	irginia now)
	J	1		19.		( )	(		Pocahontas (10) w born in
			1	13.	T		7		America in 1595. Her father's name was
	7.								Powhatan. He was an Indian chief and
			8.						he ruled a group of Algonquin tribes. In
			1						about 1607 the English 911)
9.									$c_{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}$ to the place where
	10.								Pocahontas (9) 1 They (17)
						7			b a town called Jamestown. Powhatan (14) c
		11.							a white Englishman. His name was John
			12.						Smith. The Indians (18) w to
		12							kill him but Pocahontas saved him. She
		13.							(12) p her head on the top of
		14.							his head. The Indians couldn't kill John
15.								]	Smith without killing Pocahontas. She
13.									was about twelve years old and she did
	16.								this. Perhaps she (10) w in love with him. John Smith went back to
			17.					1	England without her. Later, in 1613, the
									white people (15) t
		18.							Pocahontas away from her family to live
				Υ				J	with them. She (13) l
				-					English and (7) b a Christian.
	س ماماد		.11J T	aha Da	lf. I. 161	C 412 azz		la Enai	She had a new name: Rebecca. She
									land. When she was twenty-one, she (7) _ to get off the ship in Gravesend, about
				-					in Gravesend and was buried there
									inia in 1635. Perhaps you can find some
	_	-		irginia 1		,		J	
		_							

**Task 3**. Secret Message. Draw the times on the clocks. Then look at the semaphore alphabet. Find the letters which match the shapes of the hands of the clocks. Guess the words (A - E), make up a question from them and give the answer.

20.				
	five past three	twenty-five to nine	half past seven fiv	e to twelve
21.				
22.	five to seven	twenty past nine		
22.	five to three	five to nine	five to one quar	ter past nine
23.	quarter past six	half past seven	five o'clock five to	nine five to one
	quarter past nine	five to seven	five to twelve	five past six
24.	five to six five to	nine five past seven	five to nine five to one	quarter past nine
			20.	
		F F C M C S X	21. 22. 23. 24. 25. Answer:	

7- 8 form	Writing	Max – 20 points				
	Time – 25 min	ID NUMBER				
You have just returned from the survival experience. Ask him / her 2 questions about:  - the aim of the trip, - where you went, - what you had to do, - the food, - how you felt in the end.						
Remember the rules of letter writing.						
YOU CAN USE THE OPPOSITE SIDE						