

Всероссийская олимпиада школьников по английскому языку 2021 – 2022 год
Муниципальный этап 7 - 8 классы
Центр олимпиад Санкт-Петербурга

LISTENING (8 points)

Time: 9 minutes

You will hear part of a story about Ruth Belville and her unusual job. For questions 1-8, write the missing information. You must write a word, a number, or a phrase that you hear of no more than 2 words. You will hear the recording twice. You now have 40 seconds to look at the questions.

1. The invention of the clock made people want to become _____.
2. Ruth Belville's job involved _____.
3. A _____ showed how close the time on Ruth's clock was to the master clock.
4. Ruth offered her services to various _____ in London.
5. Technological progress _____ the number of clients Ruth Belville had.
6. In spite of new time-providing technologies, some customers continued to use Ruth Belville's service because they _____ her conversation.
7. Along with the information about the exact time Ruth also was a source of _____ for her customers.
8. After Ruth had stopped working, she _____ her famous watch to the Museum of Science in London.

Transfer your answers to the answer sheet

READING (8 points)

Time: 10 minutes

You are going to read extracts about famous Russian games. For questions 1-8, match a game A-E to each question 1-8 and write the correct letter in the box provided. Each letter may be chosen more than once. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Which game is each statement about?

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | B | This game is considered to be an official sport in the Russian Federation. |
| 1 | | One team begins the game before the other. |
| 2 | | Some people have a false idea as to where the game was invented. |
| 3 | | There are two ways to decide the winner of a game. |
| 4 | | A real situation was the starting point for the creation of this game. |
| 5 | | The level of difficulty of the game increases if the player achieves the previous level successfully. |
| 6 | | Game members must be creative and careful with words not to make a mistake. |
| 7 | | People who were in military service practised it to improve their physical skills and abilities. |
| 8 | | Players can make tools for the game by hand using thrown away material. |

A. Cossacks and Robbers

Players divide up into two teams: the cossacks and the robbers. To begin the game, the robbers hide within a previously agreed-upon area. They think up words or symbols that they will draw with chalk on the ground or on buildings to indicate which way they have gone. The cossacks give the robbers a five-minute head start, then begin looking for them. The game is played until all the robbers are caught. The game was made to imitate real-world events. Well-known for their great fighting skills and abilities, cossacks were the guardians of law and order in Tsarist Russia. Free

cossacks, i.e. those not in military service, formed gangs that robbed ships and land caravans, while the serving cossacks hunted them.

B. Lapta

Lapta is one of the oldest Russian games, dating back to the 10th century in Kiev Rus'. The goal of the game is to hit the ball, served by a player of the opposite team, with a bat, sending it as far as possible. Then, you need to run across the field to the “kon” line, and then run back to the “gorod” line. The running player should try to avoid being hit with the ball thrown by the opposing team’s members. A team wins by either getting more points during the scheduled time or by having all its players complete runs. A game lasts an hour, split into two equal halves with a five-minute break. Plus, each of opposing teams has the right to ask for a one-minute break during a game. Lapta is a great way to keep fit and build stamina, strength, and speed. Peter the Great was well aware of it and ordered his soldiers to play it regularly. Since 1996 Lapta has been a formally recognised sport in Russia.

C. Chizhik

Another traditional game, Chizhik has been popular since at least the 16th century due to its simplicity and enjoyable nature. The game varies in difficulty depending on how many people play; the easiest level is when two players take part. The game requires two wooden sticks: one short stick (the chizhik), which has a sharpened end, and one long stick (a bat). The goal of this game is to use the bat to hit the chizhik as far as possible. Meanwhile, the other players attempt to catch the chizhik mid-flight, or, failing to do that, find the fallen chizhik and throw it back. The sticks are often made out of scrap wood; the chizhik can be sharpened with the aid of a pocket knife. The name of the game comes from the fact that the shorter stick looks like a siskin, a small lively bird.

D. Elastics

In the game of elastics, players perform a number of jumps around, over, and in-between a large elastic band. According to the rules, the band should be held in place by two other players, but some children are very creative and play with fewer partners by hooking up the elastic band to the legs of a chair or a tree. The players take turns jumping while chanting short poems or rhymes. The goal of the game is to complete jumps without stepping on the elastic or making any mistakes in the routine. After the players have completed a round of jumps, the elastic is raised from ankle-level to

knee-level and even higher. The game originated in China in the 7th century but Elastics is so common on the playground that many Russians consider it to be a game of Russian origin.

E. Will You Go to the Ball?

A word game for rainy days was popular in Soviet times. Its focus on “going to the ball” — something that was not possible to do during the Soviet era — indicates that the game was invented in the Russian Empire. The game begins with a short rhyme in which the speaker tells the other players that a suitcase containing a hundred rubles and a note has been delivered. The note invites the players to the ball and has instructions on what not to do, what not to say, and what colours not to wear. The speaker has to make up these instructions. The speaker then asks each player a series of questions about their plans for the ball, all aimed at tricking the players into saying one of the forbidden words.

Transfer your answers to the answer sheet

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USE OF ENGLISH (27 points)

Time: 37 minutes

Task 1

Read the text. For questions 1-7, write the correct form of the word given in brackets to complete the sentence. There is an example at the beginning.

If you 0 ARE LOOKING (LOOK) for somewhere to stay for the holidays, you should check out the Jumbo Stay Hostel in Stockholm, Sweden. Created inside of a Boeing 747 Jumbo Jet, this cozy hostel 1 _____ (PROVIDE) people with the opportunity to sleep in the airplane's cockpit. 2 _____ (SLEEP) on a plane may not seem ideal, but this Boeing 747 Jumbo Jet should change travellers' minds!

Jumbo Stay has 27 rooms and can accommodate up to 76 guests at once. This unique hostel is really worth 3 _____ (STAY) in. Each room comes with crisp white linens, a television and a small table. The 4 _____ (IMPRESSIVE) room in the hostel is the cockpit suite with a gorgeous panoramic view.

Jumbo Stay is not just a hotel; it's also an exciting place to go on an excursion. There is a cafe inside the plane where food 5 _____ (SERVE) by staff dressed as flight attendants.

The owner, Oscar Dios, is proud of his hostel. At the opening ceremony he said, "Before I saw this plane at Arlanda airport it 6 _____ (FLY) so many miles. I 7 _____ (FALL) in love with this aircraft at first sight. Now it is resting and guarding our new guests, calm and stable on the ground."

Task 2

For each question 8-17, complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence. Use no more than three words. There is an example at the beginning.

Example:

0 Primitive technology is a hobby where you make things in the wild without any modern tools or materials.

Primitive technology is a hobby where you make things in the wild using no modern tools or materials.

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8. YouTuber John Plant created the Primitive Technology channel in May 2015.

The Primitive Technology channel _____ by YouTuber John Plant in May 2015.

9. Since then, each of his videos has been watched millions of times.

Since then, millions of viewers _____ his videos.

10. The videos that demonstrate how to build things in the wild last about 15 minutes.

The videos about _____ things in the wild last about 15 minutes.

11. John Plant uses only what is possible to find in his natural environment: plant materials, clay, soil, and stones to build from.

John Plant uses only what he _____ find in his natural environment: plant materials, clay, soil, and stones to build from.

12. Nobody speaks in the videos.

_____ no speaking in the videos.

13. A journalist once asked him, “When did you learn to build like this?”

A journalist once asked him when _____ to build like this.

14. John answered, “I have been developing my building skills since I was a child.”

John answered, “I _____ to develop my building skills when I was a child.”

15. He practised primitive technology as a boy when nobody was watching.

He _____ to practise primitive technology as a boy without anybody watching.

16. Now it is necessary to set up the camera before he performs each task.

Now he _____ to set up the camera before he performs each task.

17. The Primitive technology channel is so popular that it has 9.9 million subscribers.

The Primitive technology is _____ a popular channel that it has 9.9 million subscribers.

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Task 3

Check how well you know the British Monarchy. For questions 18-27, choose the answer (A, B, C or D).

18. Elizabeth II has been Queen of the UK since 1952. She spends most of her time in _____. It is her official residence.

A. Big Ben	B. The British Museum
C. Buckingham Palace	D. The National Gallery

19. She has ruled for longer than any other British monarch. She is also the head of the _____.

A. United Nations	B. Commonwealth
C. World Health Organisation	D. International Monetary Fund

20. Someone who marries a royal becomes a member of the Royal Family, and they are given a title. For example, Lady Diana Spencer became _____ when she married Prince Charles in 1981.

A. Princess of Scotland	B. Countess of Wessex
C. Duchess of Cornwall	D. Princess of Wales

21. The Queen and Prince Philip were married in 1947 at _____. It was founded in 960 AD and is next door to the Houses of Parliament.

A. St. Paul's Cathedral	B. The Tower of London
C. Westminster Abbey	D. Windsor Castle

22. In 2011, Prince William married _____. The wedding attracted a lot of media attention and the occasion was a public holiday in the UK.

A. Meghan Markle	B. Catherine Middleton
C. Camilla Rosemary Shand	D. Sarah Ferguson

23. Over the last thousand years, political power in Britain has passed from the Monarch to _____. A Monarch has to consult it when he/she has to make important decisions. So, they reign but do not rule.

A. the Council	B. the Liberal Party
C. the Democratic Party	D. Parliament

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24. The Prime Minister is the head of the government. 10 _____, or Number 10, in London is the official residence of the Prime Minister.

A. Baker Street	B. Oxford Street
C. Downing Street	D. Regent Street

25. A lot of legends are connected with the monarchy. One of them is that if the ravens leave the Tower of London, the kingdom will fall. Thus, the _____ not only work as tour guides there, but they also feed the ravens and take care of them.

A. Squaddies	B. Beefeaters
C. Viscounts	D. Whitewashers

26. The British National anthem, “_____ save the Queen,” dates back to the eighteenth century. The composer of the words and tune is anonymous.

A. Angel	B. Army
C. God	D. Government

27. The national flag of the United Kingdom is called the Union _____. It combines the crosses of the three countries – the Kingdoms of England and Wales, of Scotland and of Ireland.

A. Bob	B. Tom
C. Jack	D. Mark

Transfer your answers to the answer sheet

WRITING (10 points)

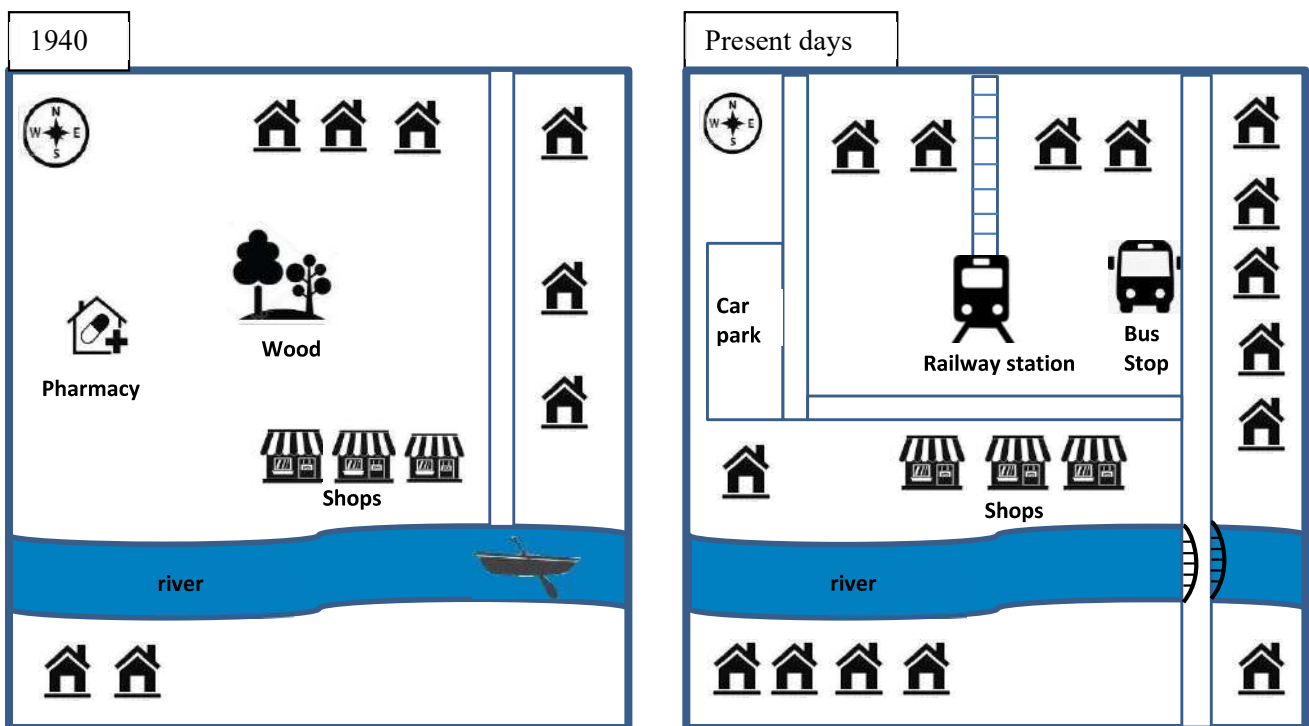
Time: 20 minutes

You have 20 minutes to do the task.

The maps below show the same location in different years. Describe the maps, reporting at least two main features and making comparisons. Draw your conclusion about the ways the city centre has developed.

Write your answer in 140-180 words in an appropriate style.

Poole town centre



Transfer your description to the answer sheet