



Tasks for grade R6

1. Write the word using transcriptions.

- [1] [ə'nʌnɪməs]
- [2] [regjələli]
- [3] ['θʌndəstə:m]
- [4] [sɪksθ]
- [5] ['ki:bə:d]

2. Find the beginning and the end of the sentences. Write a number and a letter..

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|---|--|
| 1) Doing anything is better | A) what you tried to say. |
| 2) It is difficult to agree with a person | B) than doing nothing. |
| 3) I have never | C) do you spend on reading? |
| 4) When you heat water | D) be careful! |
| 5) How much time | E) if you don't understand the reason of their behavior. |
| 6) If you hurry | F) is reading now? |
| 7) Who | G) it boils. |
| 8) You must study | H) seen such a beautiful place! |
| 9) Please | I) you'll be there on time. |
| 10) I didn't understand | J) if you want to pass your test. |

3. Answer the questions about an extract from “The red shoes” by Hans Christian Andersen: decide if the statements are true/false/not stated. Write a number and a letter..

There was once a little girl who was very pretty and delicate, but in summer she was forced to run about with bare feet, she was so poor, and in winter wear very large wooden shoes, which made her little insteps quite red, and that looked so dangerous!

In the middle of the village lived old Dame Shoemaker; she sat and sewed together, as well as she could, a little pair of shoes out of old red strips of cloth; they were very clumsy, but it was a kind thought. They were meant for the little girl. The little girl was called Karen.

On the very day her mother was buried, Karen received the red shoes, and wore them for the first time. They were certainly not intended for mourning, but she had no others, and with stockingless feet she followed the poor straw coffin in them.

Suddenly a large old carriage drove up, and a large old lady sat in it: she looked at the little girl, felt compassion for her, and then said to the clergyman:

“Here, give me the little girl. I will adopt her!”

And Karen believed all this happened on account of the red shoes, but the old lady thought they were horrible, and they were burnt. But Karen herself was cleanly and nicely dressed; she must learn to read and sew; and people said she was a nice little thing, but the looking-glass said: “Thou art more than nice, thou art beautiful!”

Now the queen once travelled through the land, and she had her little daughter with her. And this little daughter was a princess, and people streamed to the castle, and Karen was there also, and the little princess stood in her fine white dress, in a window, and let herself be stared at; she had neither a train nor a golden crown, but splendid red morocco shoes. They were certainly far handsomer than those Dame Shoemaker had made for little Karen. Nothing in the world can be compared with red shoes.

Now Karen was old enough to be confirmed; she had new clothes and was to have new shoes also. The rich shoemaker in the city took the measure of her little foot. This took place at his house, in his room; where stood large glass-cases, filled with elegant shoes and brilliant boots. All this looked charming, but the old lady could not see well, and so had no pleasure in them. In the midst of the shoes stood a pair of red ones, just like those the princess had worn. How beautiful they were! The shoemaker said also they had been made for the child of a count, but had not fitted

“That must be patent leather!” said the old lady. “They shine so!”

“Yes, they shine!” said Karen, and they fitted, and were bought, but the old lady knew nothing about their being red, else she would never have allowed Karen to have gone in red shoes to be confirmed. Yet such was the case.

- 1) The girl was rich.

- | | | |
|---|----------|---------------|
| A) True | B) False | C) Not stated |
| 2) The old woman helped and supported the girl. | | |
| A) True | B) False | C) Not stated |
| 3) The princess's shoes were more beautiful than Karen's shoes. | | |
| A) True | B) False | C) Not stated |
| 4) The red shoes for Karen were different from those that princess had. | | |
| A) True | B) False | C) Not stated |
| 5) Karen didn't like the lady that adopted her. | | |
| A) True | B) False | C) Not stated |

4. Find synonyms for these words in the text above ("The red shoes" by Hans Christian Andersen). Write only ONE word.

- 1) gentle
- 2) to take another person's child into your own family
- 3) a situation
- 4) unexpectedly
- 5) got as a present

5. There are 10 explanations of idioms. Complete them. Choose the best answer for each situation from the list. Write a number and a letter..

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|---|------------------|
| 1) When something is easy to do, we say that it is a _____ . | |
| 2) When a person is really important and he/she is a boss, we say that this person is a _____ . | A) salt |
| 3) If we buy a useless or bad thing, we say that we bought a _____ . | B) pickle |
| 4) If a person is crazy, we say that he/she goes _____ . | C) big cheese |
| 5) If we don't believe in an idea, we say that we accept it with a pinch of _____ . | D) peas |
| | E) bananas |
| 6) When people are very similar, we say that they are two _____ in a pod. | F) oranges |
| 7) When we think that something/someone is important, we say that he/she/it is an _____ of our eye. | G) apple |
| 8) When we understand that we are not right in a situation, we say that we eat humble _____ . | H) lemon |
| 9) If we compare two different things, we compare apples and _____ . | I) piece of cake |
| 10) If we are in a difficult situation, we say that we are in a _____ . | J) pie |

6. Complete the sentences with ONE missing word.

- 1) I'm going _____ spend my weekends at my friend's house.
- 2) The more you study _____ better you understand Maths.
- 3) Have you ever been _____ Spain?
- 4) Would you like _____ cup of tea?
- 5) She said that she _____ go to the mountains tomorrow.

7. Match the author to his/her creation/invention. Write a number and a letter..

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|---------------------------|--|
| 1) Charles Dickens | A) "Poirot Investigates" |
| 2) William Shakespeare | B) "Romeo and Juliet" |
| 3) Agatha Christie | C) "Robinson Crusoe" |
| 4) Sir Arthur Conan Doyle | D) "Oliver Twist" |
| 5) Daniel Defoe | E) "The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes" |

8. You have to write an article «Travel Guide about my city» (100–150 words, articles and contractions are counted as ONE word each).

Don't forget to write:

- Where to stay
- How to get around the city (transport)
- Where to eat
- What to do