

(районная математическая олимпиада 2014 г.)

11 класс

1. $3\sqrt{4^x - 2^{x+2} + 4} = 3 \cdot 2^{x+2} - 4^x - 2.$

$3\sqrt{2^2 - 4 \cdot 2 + 4} = 6 \cdot 2 - 2^2 - 2.$
 $: 2 = t, (t > 0).$

$: 3\sqrt{t^2 - 4t + 4} = -t^2 + 6t - 2.$

$: 3\sqrt{(t-2)^2} = -t^2 + 6t - 2,$

$3 \cdot |t-2| = -t^2 + 6t - 2.$

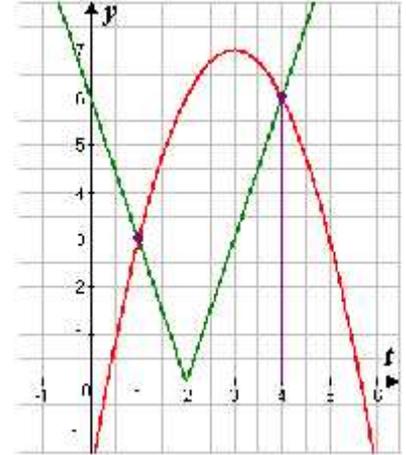
(

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$t = 1 \quad t = 4 .$

$: 2 = 4, = 2 \quad 2 = 1, = 0.$

$: 0 \quad 2.$



2 :

2. 12008 , 19 ,

$: 12008 \quad 19, \quad , 12008 = 19 \cdot 632.$

$19,$

$19.$

$19. \quad :$

$1203 \dots 308 - 1203 \dots 308 = 1083 \cdot 10^k.$
 $k \quad k-1$

$19, \quad 1083 = 19 \cdot 57.$

3. $\cos^4 2x - 2(a+2)\cos^2 2x - (2a+5) = 0$

?

$\cos^2 2x = t, \quad t \in [0; 1],$

$t^2 - 2(a+2)t - (2a+5) = 0.$

$t_{1,2} = \frac{2(a+2) \pm \sqrt{4(a+2)^2 + 4(2a+5)}}{2} = \frac{2a+4 \pm 2(a+3)}{2}; \quad t_1 = -1, \quad t_2 = 2a+5.$

$, \quad t = -1 \notin [0; 1].$

$t_2 \in [0; 1], \quad 0 \leq 2a+5 \leq 1 \Leftrightarrow -2,5 \leq a \leq -2.$

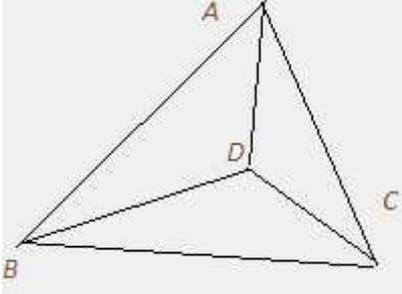
$: \in [-2,5; -2].$

4.

?
ABCD

, $BD = CD$
ABC, ABD, ACD

, $BCD - = = AD,$



ADB ADC

$DB = DC,$

, = = ,

, = $BD.$

ABC ACD AD , $AD = BD.$

, $DC =$

5.

2015×2015

2015×2015

(.).

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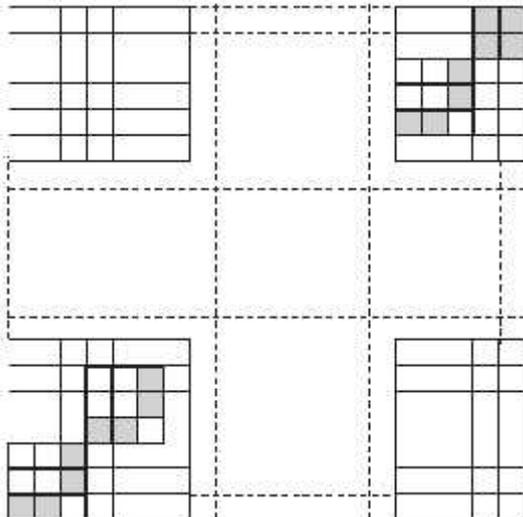
3

3

(.

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$2015 : 3 = 671 (. 2).$



2 = 1344 ,
: 1344 .

671 ,

671·2
2013 × 2013. ,

2 × 2, 671·2 +