

II ( )

10

-4

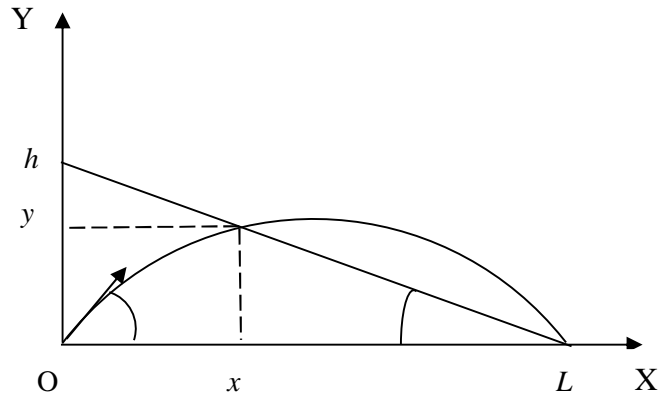
1.

45°

$h(t)$

$h = 0,$

$L$



.1

$v_0 -$

$r = 45^\circ,$

$$v_{xo} = v_{yo} = v_0 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \equiv v_1$$

$$y = v_1 t - \frac{gt^2}{2} \quad x = v_1 t$$

1 ,

$$h = L \tan \theta = L \frac{y}{L-x}$$

$$t_0 = \frac{2v_1}{g} -$$

$$L = v_1 t_0 \quad (1) \quad v_1 = \frac{gt_0}{2} \quad (2)$$

$x \quad y$

$h,$

$$h = L \frac{v_1 t - \frac{gt^2}{2}}{L - v_1 t} = Lt \frac{v_1 - \frac{gt}{2}}{L - v_1 t}$$

$$v_1 \quad , \quad \frac{L}{v_1} = t_0$$

$$h = \frac{L}{v_1} \cdot v_1 t \frac{v_1 - \frac{gt}{2}}{L - v_1 t} = v_1 t \frac{v_1 t_0 - \frac{gt_0}{2} t}{L - v_1 t}$$

(1) (2)

$$h = \frac{L - v_1 t}{L - v_1 t} \cdot v_1 t = v_1 t$$

$$L = \frac{2v_1^2}{g}$$

$$h(t) = \sqrt{\frac{Lg}{2}} t$$

- 100.

80

50

30

2

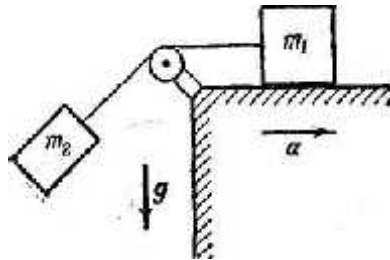
$m_1$

( . 2).

$m_2$ .

$m_1$

$\mu$ .



.2

$m_1$

$a - a_1$ .

$a_1$ .

$m_2$

$\Gamma$ ,

$m_1$

$m_2$

$a - a_1 \sin \Gamma$

$a_1 \cos \Gamma$

( y

):

$$m_1(a - a_1) = -T + \sim m_1 g$$

$$m_2 a_1 \cos \gamma = m_2 g - T \cos \gamma$$

$$m_2 (a - a_1 \sin \gamma) = T \sin \gamma$$

:

$$m_2 a_1 = -T + m_2 \sqrt{a^2 + g^2}$$

( $a_1 \neq 0$ )

$$T = \frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2} (\sqrt{a^2 + g^2} + \sim g - a)$$

( $a_1 = 0$ )

$$T = m_2 \sqrt{a^2 + g^2}$$

- 100.

80

60

30

3

$t = +40^0$

200

-

50

$t = +30^0$

50

1 ° ?

$-t_h$

$-t_k$

$t_1$

$\Delta m$

$$Cm(t_1 - t_k) = C\Delta m(t_h - t_1)$$

$$t_1 = \frac{mt_k + \Delta mt_h}{m + \Delta m} = \frac{S t_h + t_k}{S + 1}$$

$$S = \frac{\Delta m}{m} < 1$$

$t_2$

$\Delta m$

$$C(m - \Delta m)(t_h - t_2) = C\Delta m(t_2 - t_1)$$

$$t_2 = \frac{(m - \Delta m)t_h + \Delta mt_1}{m} = \frac{S t_k + t_h}{S + 1}$$

$$t_2 - t_1 = (t_h - t_k) \frac{1 - S}{1 + S}$$

$t_1:$

$$t_4 - t_3 = (t_2 - t_1) \frac{1-s}{1+s} = (t_h - t_k) \frac{(1-s)^2}{(1+s)^2}$$

$$\frac{1-s}{1+s}$$

$t_h - t_k = 10^\circ$  ,  $\Delta m = 50$  ,  $m = 200$  ,  $s = 0,25$   $\frac{1-s}{1+s} = 0,6$

$10^\circ \cdot 0,6 = 6^\circ$  ,  $10^\circ \cdot 0,6^2 = 3,6$   
 $10^\circ \cdot 0,6^3 = 2,2^\circ$  ,  $10^\circ \cdot 0,6^4 = 1,3^\circ$  ,  
 $10^\circ \cdot 0,6^5 = 0,8^\circ$  ,  $1^\circ$  ,

- 80.

50 - 60  
 40  
 20  
 4

$U$  ,  $I = c \cdot U^{3/2}$  ,  $c =$

$$\Delta n = \frac{I \Delta t}{e} \quad \left( \frac{\Delta t}{\text{---}} \right)$$

$$\Delta p = mv \Delta n = mv \frac{I \Delta t}{e}$$

v

$$\frac{mv^2}{2} = eU$$

$$a = \frac{F}{m} \quad \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{F}{m} \quad m \Delta v = F \Delta t \quad \Delta p = F \Delta t$$

$$F \Delta t = mv \frac{I \Delta t}{e}$$

$$I = cU^{3/2}$$

$$F = mv \frac{I}{e} = c \sqrt{\frac{2m}{e}} U^2$$

$$\frac{F_2}{F_1} = \left( \frac{U_2}{U_1} \right)^2 = 4$$

- 60.

50

30

15

5

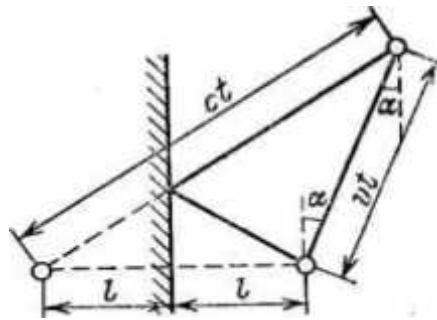
v

l,

r.

?

c.



.3

( .3).

l

t -

vt,

ct.

( .3)

$$c^2 t^2 = (2l + vt \sin r)^2 + (vt \cos r)^2$$

$$s = vt$$

$$t = \frac{s}{v}$$

$$s^2 \frac{c^2}{v^2} - 4l^2 - 4ls \cdot \sin r - s^2 (\sin^2 r + \cos^2 r) = 0$$

$$s^2 - \frac{4l \cdot \sin r}{\frac{c^2}{v^2} - 1} \cdot s - \frac{4l^2}{\frac{c^2}{v^2} - 1} = 0$$

$$s = \frac{2l \sin r}{\frac{c^2}{v^2} - 1} + \frac{\sqrt{4l^2 \sin^2 r + \frac{4l^2}{\frac{c^2}{v^2} - 1}}}{\left(\frac{c^2}{v^2} - 1\right)}$$

«-»

$$s = \frac{2l}{\frac{c^2}{v^2} - 1} \left[ \sin r + \sqrt{\frac{c^2}{v^2} - \cos^2 r} \right]$$

- 80.

60

40

20

