

**Всероссийская олимпиада школьников по английскому языку
2017 – 2018 учебный год
Муниципальный этап
Ответы 9-11 классы**

LISTENING

- | | |
|------|---------------|
| 1. B | |
| 2. B | 8. fuel |
| 3. A | 9. fats |
| 4. B | 10. recipes |
| 5. C | 11. sunlight |
| 6. B | 12. chocolate |
| 7. A | 13. celery |
| | 14. coffee |
| | 15. exercise |

READING

- | | |
|-------|---------------------------|
| 1. B | |
| 2. B | |
| 3. A | |
| 4. C | 11. Latin |
| 5. B | 12. doctors |
| 6. C | 13. technical vocabulary |
| 7. B | 14. grammatical resources |
| 8. C | 15. Royal Society |
| 9. A | 16. German |
| 10. B | 17. industrial revolution |

USE OF ENGLISH

1. existence 2. sensitive 3. investigation 4. significant 5. considerably/considered
6. possibility 7. comfortable 8. dependent 9. realistic

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|-------|----------------------|
| 10. D | |
| 11. A | 26. who/that |
| 12. D | 27. to |
| 13. A | 28. for |
| 14. B | 29. because/as/since |
| 15. C | 30. by |
| 16. C | 31. each |
| 17. B | 32. had/managed |
| 18. B | 33. all |
| 19. D | |
| 20. D | |
| 21. B | |
| 22. B | |

Task 1 Listening Script

Interviewer: Now we are going to talk to a young man called Liam Banks, who's here to talk about a clean-up day he helped to organise in his town. Liam, what is a clean-up day and how did you get involved?

Liam: A clean-up day is when everybody comes together in a town or a neighbourhood as volunteers and basically cleans it up, making it tidier and more environmentally friendly. It's easy to think, 'That's not my responsibility' and turn away, counting on the local council to deal with it instead. But having gone into various environmental issues in Science classes, I realized we've got a shared responsibility to face up to things and make our communities greener.

Interviewer: What did you organise for the day?

Liam: I was responsible for getting volunteers together. I was confident I could get a sufficient number of people interested in helping out if I spoke to people. I had tons of convincing arguments. The problem was I couldn't speak to everyone face to face. In the end we got loads of posters printed asking people to just turn up on the day and bring whatever cleaning staff they had – rubbish sacks, brushes and things like that.

Interviewer: So what happened on the day?

Liam: We started early in the morning. Meeting point was outside the park gates. Everyone was there with buckets and gloves, ready to get on with the work. I was just filled with pride. It was fantastic to see how much people cared about their community. There were a couple of reporters there from local newspapers, too. I hadn't crossed my mind to invite them. One of the other organisers had, though, and they published an article about what we've done.

Interviewer: And you cleared the pond up first?

Liam: Yeah. It's not deep, so we got in and cleared away tons of plastic bags, as well as weeds that were killing other green plants. There are ducks and fish in the pond, and it's crucial for them to have a healthy place to live. When I was in there, I suddenly got annoyed about how the pond got in such a bad state. There were litter bins everywhere. It's not hard to use them! One thing I learned is that we'd have to make an effort in order to keep the pond in good condition.

Interviewer: What else did you do on the day? Were there any disappointments or did everything go well?

Liam: We picked up litter in the centre of town, brushed paths and cleaned the windows of the building which are currently empty. We got to chat to everyone who turned up, even if it was only briefly. One thing that we regret is failing to provide refreshments for them. We should have thought of that. Nobody expressed any dissatisfaction with what they had to do, though, or tried to get out of working hard, and I'm really grateful for that.

Interviewer: How do you feel now about being involved in the clean-up day?

Liam: What we did was just a tiny drop in the ocean. You've got to constantly work hard to get the message out there to people that we need to keep our planet clean and green, not only for our generation, but for those to follow. I won't stop here. I've come up with loads of ideas I want to get on with. I know one person can't change the world, but you have to keep shouting about what you believe in and hope other people will back you up.

Interviewer: How can people be more environmentally friendly?

Liam: Everyone's got busy lives, and you can't expect people to give up all their free time to help out in the local clean-out operations all the time. But everyone's read articles about people's impact on the Earth and what they can do to minimise damage. There's nothing to stop you turning off your tap when cleaning your teeth instead of leaving it running or making sure you recycle things wherever you can. These things really don't take any time or effort.

Task 2 Listening Script

Hi, I'm Lydia, and I'm going to tell you about a project I'm involved in about how to have a healthy diet as a part of our health and fitness campaign at school. This is what's otherwise known as maintaining a balanced diet. It's crucial to eat properly in order to reduce the risk of suffering from disease later in life. You could say that our body is a machine and that the food we eat is its fuel. Without it, or without right kinds of it, we'd find it difficult to study or move around without becoming weak and exhausted.

So what does healthy eating really mean? Everyone's aware that there are certain foods we ought to avoid and others we should eat plenty. It isn't a case of avoiding particular food groups altogether, though. Not all fats are bad for us, for example. And living solely on, say, fruit and vegetables could mean cutting out vital nutrients.

What should we be eating then? Have you seen what I call the food pyramid? It's basically a diagram in the shape of a triangle with a wide base and a pointed top, and it gives you an idea about what you should eat and in what quantities. It's divided into four layers, with the food you need most of in the bottom layer, such as potatoes and bread, and those you should have a minimal amount of in the top layer, like oil and sweets. The food triangle is a good place to start if you want to show what to cut down or eat more of.

In the middle of triangle are fruit and vegetables. You've no doubt heard that we should eat five portions of these every day. There are good reasons for eating these, from providing much needed fibre to protecting us from health problems like high blood pressure. You can have them as juice or make soups if you don't enjoy eating them whole. I've got some recipes I can give you afterwards if anyone wants them. They're delicious.

The different vitamins found in fruit and vegetables also have important functions. For example, vitamin A helps us maintain healthy eyesight and is found in orange vegetables like carrots. Vitamin D, on the other hand, strengthens our bones. It's also produced in our bodies with the help of sunlight. So not only you should try to include it in your diet, but get outside often, too.

Now, I'm going to talk to you a little about the food myths. There are some snacks which we've been told to believe are pretty unhealthy for us. I'm not going to say a packet of crisps is ok – they're fried and covered in salt – but chocolate, you'll be relieved to find out, is not the worst thing you can eat, though large amounts should be avoided, of course. Certain types are actually ok for us. The dark variety contains iron, in fact, which our bodies need for healthy blood. There's another myth that chewing some raw solid items, such as celery, consumes more energy than it gives you. People eat lots of it thinking they're going to lose weight. I'm sorry to say that this so-called fact simply isn't true.

Turning to drinks now, it's important not to fill up on fizzy drinks, which contain a ton of sugar. And though we tend to think it's really good for us, juice has a lot of sugar too, so we shouldn't have more than one glass a day. On the other hand, we think we ought to avoid coffee. However, it contains important chemicals which can help us digest our food by taking what our bodies need from it.

Finally, you hear people saying, 'I doesn't matter what I eat as long as I do plenty of exercise.' Well, of course running or playing sports is great for you, but you shouldn't rely on them as the main way you keep healthy. It's good fresh food which feeds our brains and bodies.